

Property:	Rule:	Example:
Product Rule	$n^x \cdot n^y = n^{x+y}$	- Same base - Add exponents
Quotient Rule	$\frac{n^x}{n^y} = n^{x-y}$	- Same base - subtract exponents
Power Rule	$(n^x)^y = n^{xy}$	(power) ^{power} multiply exp
Negative Rule	$n^{-x} = \frac{1}{n^x}$ $\frac{1}{n^{-x}} = 1 \cdot n^x$ *Note: $n \neq 0$	- moves location - once moved neg goes away
Power of a product	$(nm)^x = n^x m^x$	distribute exponent

$$(2x^3)^4 = 2^4 x^{12}$$

$$= 16x^{12}$$

Power of a quotient	$\left(\frac{n}{m}\right)^x = \frac{n^x}{m^x}$ <p>*Note: $m \neq 0$</p>	<p>-distribute to exponent in numerator & denominator</p>
Zero exponent	$n^0 = 1$ <p>*Note: $N \neq 0$</p>	$\frac{2}{2} = 1$ $\frac{2^1}{2^1} = 2^{1-1} = 2^0$ $2^0 = 1$

Simplify the following

<p>1.) $(-m^3n^3)^2 \cdot -2mn^4$</p> <p>$m^6 n^6 \cdot -2mn^4$</p> <p>$-2m^7n^{10}$</p>	<p>2.) $-x^{-1}y^3 \cdot -xy^4 \cdot (-2y^3)^5$</p> <p>$-x^{-1}y^3 \cdot -x^1y^4 \cdot (-2)^5y^{15}$</p> <p>$-32x^0y^{22}$</p> <p>$-32 \cdot 1 \cdot y^{22}$</p> <p>$-32y^{22}$</p>
<p>3.) $\left(\frac{xy^{-1} \cdot -2y \cdot 2x^{-1}y^{-1}}{x^{-4}y^4}\right)^{-1}$</p> <p>$x^{-1}y^1 \cdot (-2)^1y^{-1} \cdot (2)^{-1}x^1y^{-1}$</p> <hr/> <p>$x^4y^{-4}$</p> <p>$(-2)^{-1}(2)^1x^0y^1$</p> <hr/> <p>$x^4y^{-4}$</p>	<p>4.) $\frac{(2nm^{-4})^3 \cdot mn^3}{-m^{-2}n^4}$</p> <p>$2^3 n^3 m^{-12} \cdot mn^3$</p> <hr/> <p>$-m^{-2}n^4$</p> <p>$\frac{8n^6m^{-11}}{-1m^{-2}n^4}$</p>
<p>$\frac{1 \cdot y^1 \cdot y^1}{(-2)(2)x^4} = \frac{y^2}{-4x^4}$</p> <p>$\frac{y^5}{-4x^4}$</p>	<p>$\frac{8n^6m^2}{-1m^{11}n^4}$</p> <p>$-8n^2m^{-9}$</p> <p>$\frac{-8n^2}{m^9}$</p>

Converting between Radical Form
and Rational Exponent Form

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Root} \\ \text{Index} \rightarrow \end{array} \sqrt[b]{x^a} = x^{\frac{a}{b}} \begin{array}{c} \text{exponent} \\ \text{Index} \end{array}$$

Examples: Change between radical notation and rational exponent notation.

Rewrite the expression using rational exponent notation		
Example 1: $(\sqrt[5]{63})^3$	Example 2: $(\sqrt[3]{-25})^4$	Example 3: $(\sqrt[6]{124})^7$
$(63)^{\frac{3}{5}}$	$(-25)^{\frac{4}{3}}$	$(124)^{\frac{7}{6}}$
Rewrite the expression using radical notation		
Example 4: $(-57)^{\frac{4}{3}}$	Example 5: $(13)^{\frac{3}{2}}$	Example 6: $(204)^{\frac{5}{8}}$
$(\sqrt[3]{-57})^4$	$(\sqrt{13})^3$	$(\sqrt[8]{204})^5$

$$\sqrt[3]{(-57)^4}$$

$$\sqrt{(13)^3}$$

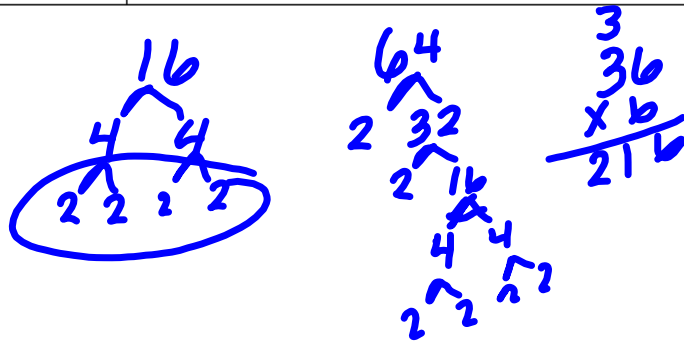
$$\sqrt[8]{(204)^5}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = x$$

$$(\sqrt{x})^2 = x$$

Examples: Evaluate an expression without a calculator

<p>Example 7: $(36)^{\frac{3}{2}} = (\sqrt{36})^3 = (6)^3 = 216$</p>	<p>Example 8: $(64)^{\frac{-1}{6}} = (\sqrt[6]{64})^{-1} = (2)^{-1} = \frac{1}{2}$</p>
<p>Example 9: $(16)^{\frac{-1}{4}} = (\sqrt[4]{16})^{-1} = (2)^{-1} = \frac{1}{2}$</p>	<p>Example 10: $(8)^{\frac{4}{3}} = (\sqrt[3]{8})^4 = 2^4 = 16$</p>



Example 11
Convert the following to a rational exponent

$$\left(\sqrt[5]{x^2 y^3 z^{10}}\right)^1$$

$$(x^2 y^3 z^{10})^{\frac{1}{5}}$$

$$x^{\frac{2}{5}} y^{\frac{3}{5}} z^{\frac{10}{5}}$$

$$\boxed{x^{\frac{2}{5}} y^{\frac{3}{5}} z^2}$$

Example 12
Convert the following to a radical

$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} y^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$\sqrt{x^1 y^5}$$

$$\boxed{\sqrt{xy^5}}$$

Example 13
Simplify the following

$$(x^{\frac{2}{3}} y^{\frac{4}{9}})^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

$$x^{\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{9}{2}} y^{\frac{4}{9} \cdot \frac{9}{2}}$$

$$\boxed{x^3 y^2}$$

Example 14
Simplify the following

$$x^{\frac{1}{5}} x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$x^{\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{3}}$$

$$x^{\frac{3}{15} + \frac{10}{15}}$$

$$\boxed{x^{\frac{13}{15}}}$$